

FIG. 1

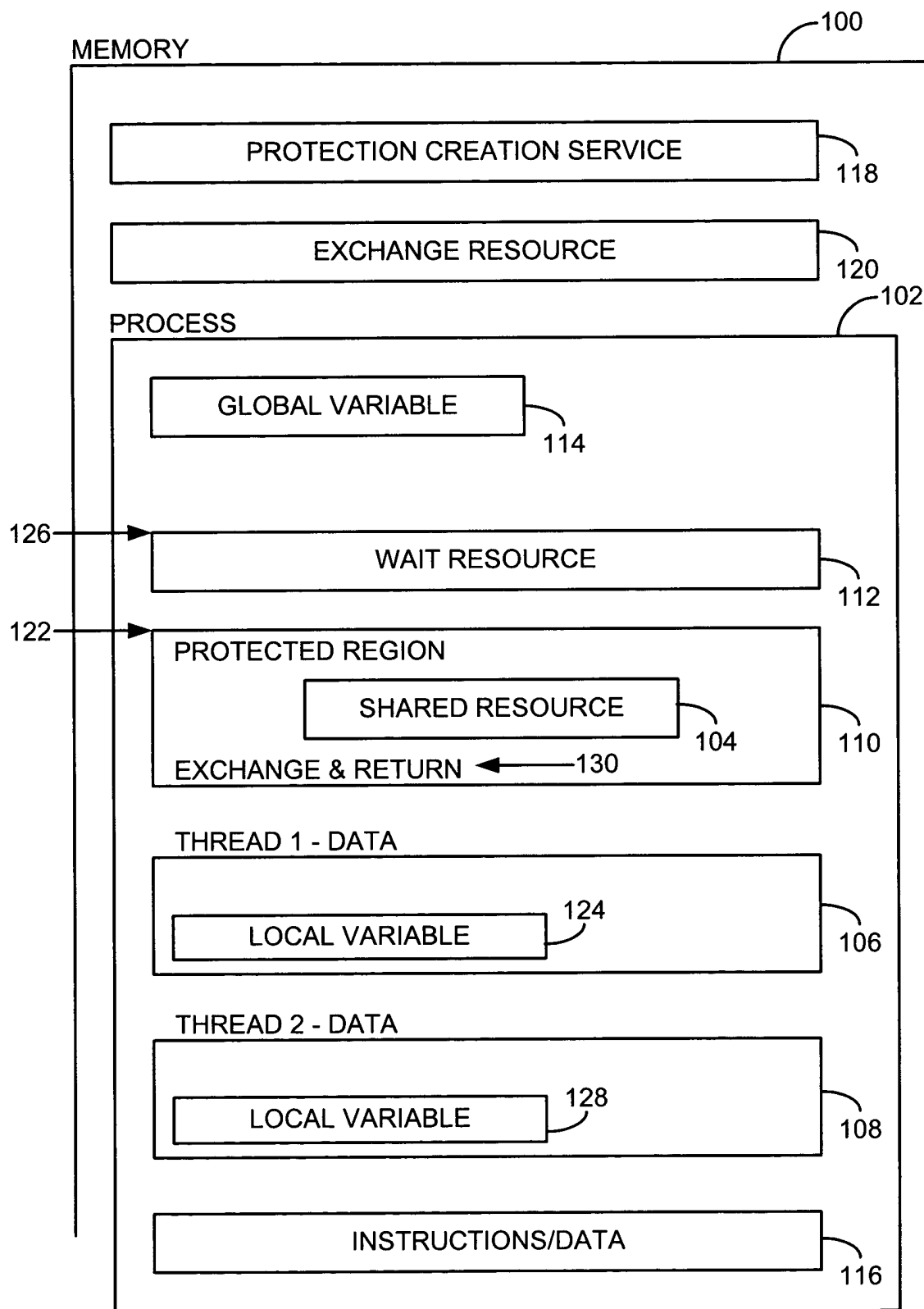


FIG. 2

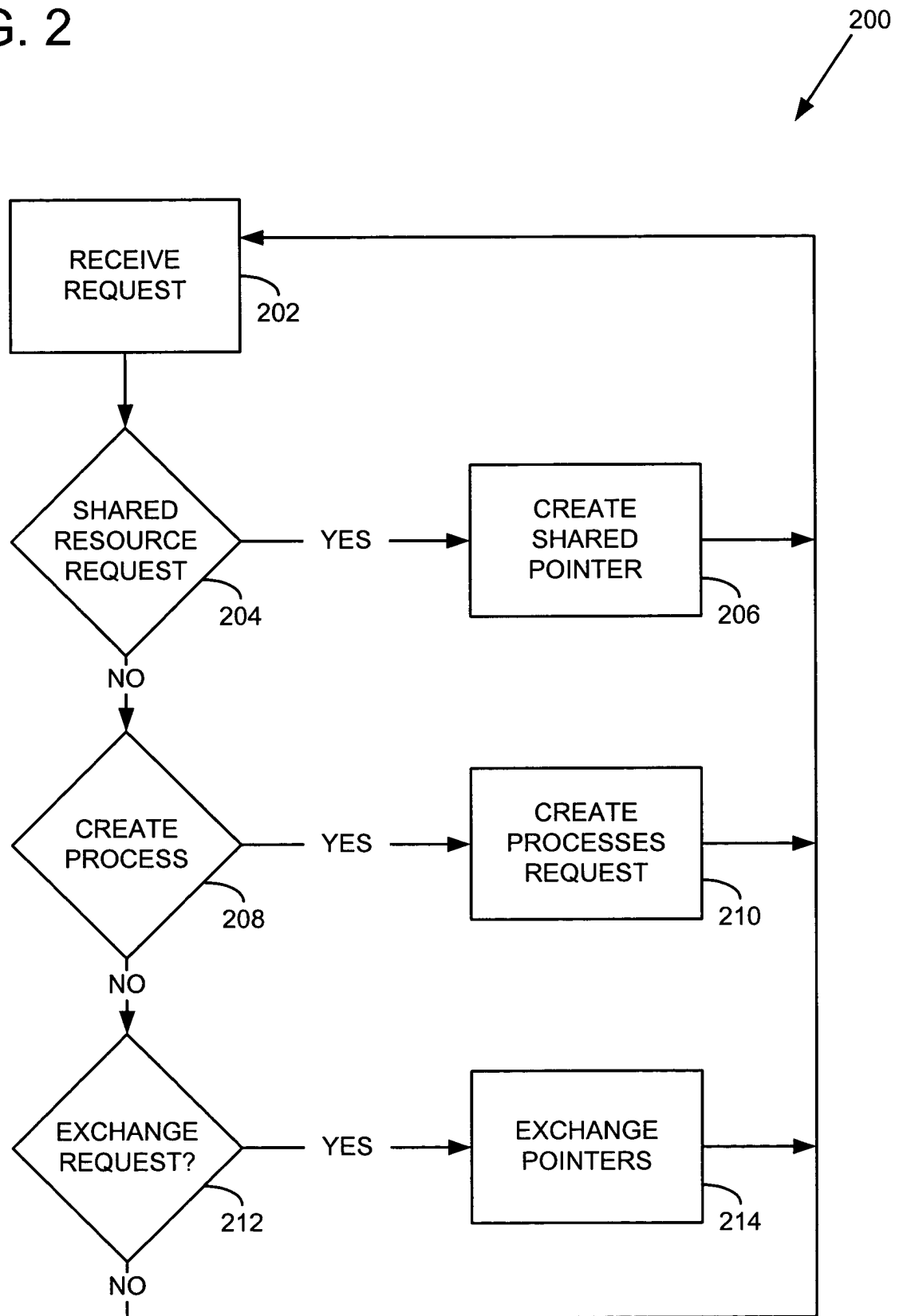


FIG. 3

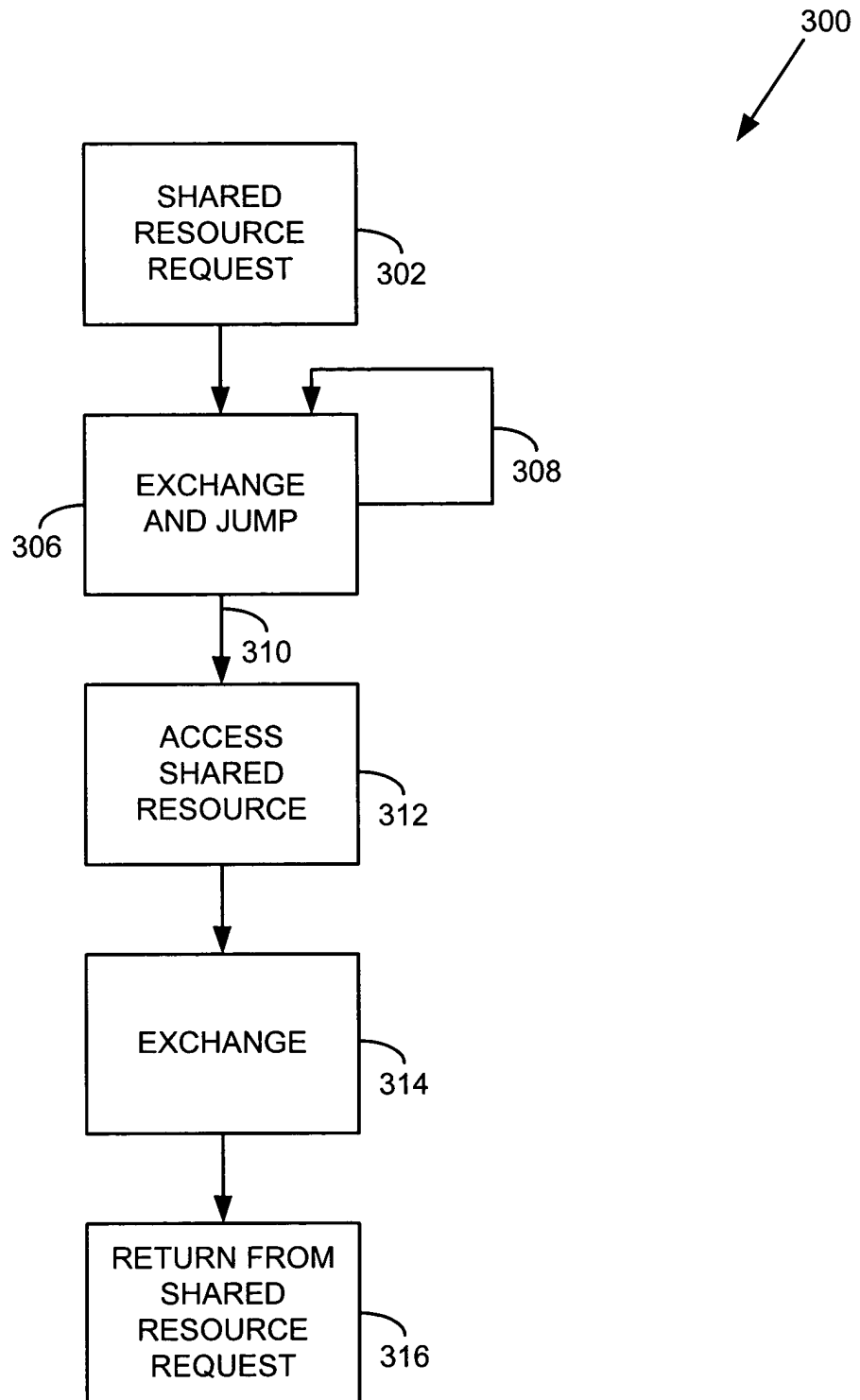


FIG. 4

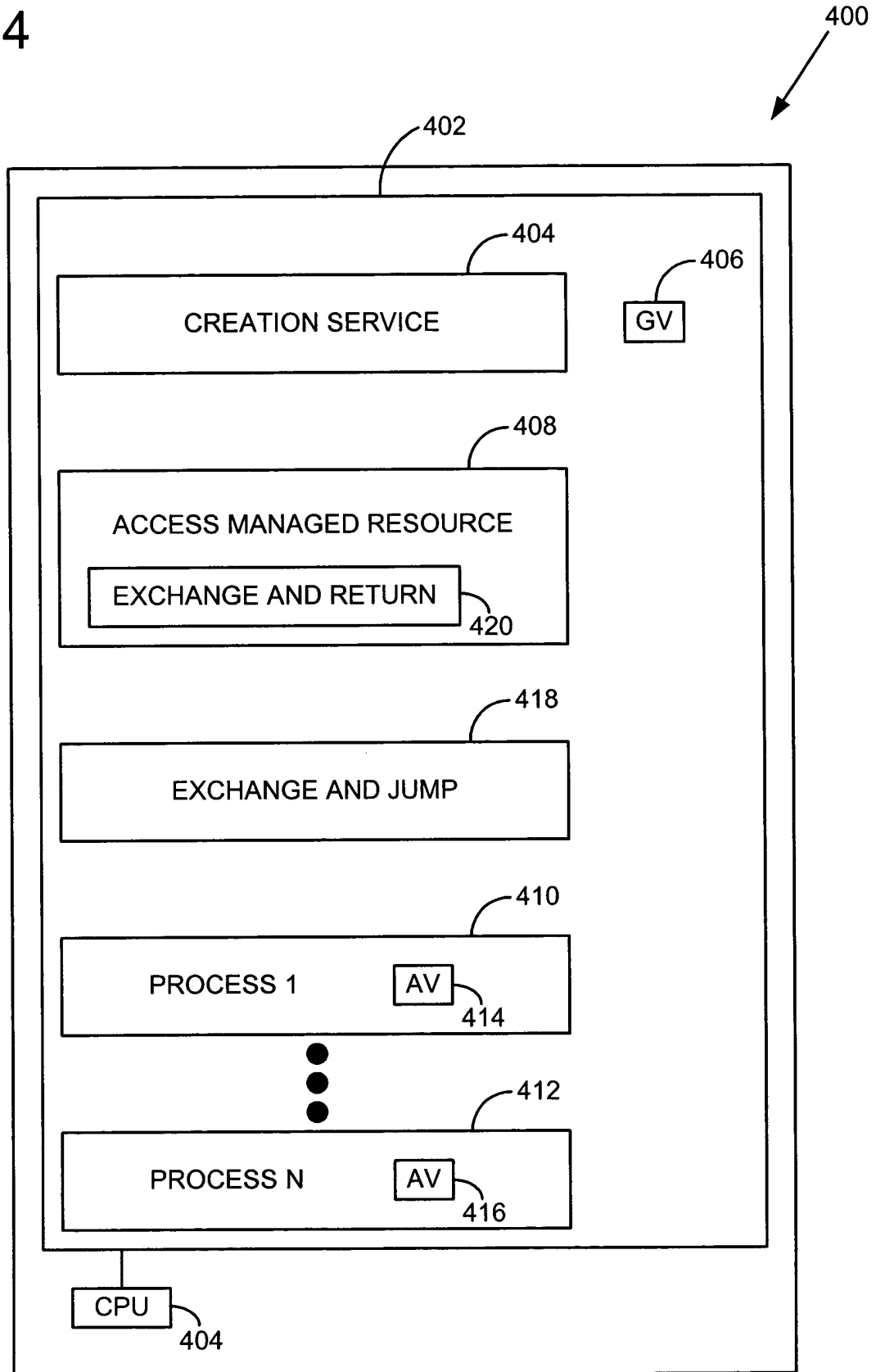


FIG. 5

500

```
lock_sample.cpp ← 502

#include "lock.h" ← 504

typedef class CAquireLock<CSpinLock> CAquireSpinLock; ← 506

// This is the lock variable, which can be aquired.
CSpinLock m_TheLock; ← 508

// This is a globally shared data variable that should be used carefully to
// avoid duplicate IDs. See code below.
long GlobalTransactionID = 0; ← 510

void ProcessBankTransaction ← 512
(
    BankTransaction * pTransaction
)
{
    // First aquire the lock so I can process the bank transaction
    // without conflicting with other bank transactions

    CAquireSpinLock lock(&m_TheLock); ← 514

    // Lock is now aquired, I can now process the transaction safely

    // Assign transaction a unique transaction ID
    // This cant be done without a lock. Without a lock, its possible that
    // 2 different transactions could have the same transaction ID.
    GlobalTransactionID = GlobalTransactionID + 1; ← 516
    pTransaction->ID = GlobalTransactionID;

    // Now do more transaction processing like a withdrawl, deposit, transfer, ...
    // ... code omitted for simplicity

    // Done with the code
    // Compiler will insert a call to the CAquireSpinLock destructor, which will
    // unlock the aquired lock (m_TheLock)
    return; ← 518
}
```

FIG. 6

600

```

lock.h
void __declspec(naked) WaitForLock() ← 614
{
    __asm
    {
        // only 2 destinations: Spin or Aquired. Aquired is the only way
        // to get out of here. Spin just keeps looping until lock is aquired.

        push    ebx ← 616
        mov     ebx, [esp + 8] ← 618

        Spin: ← 620
        mov     eax, Spin ← 622
        lock xchg    eax, dword ptr [ebx] ← 624
        jmp     eax ← 626
    }
}

inline void __declspec(naked) Aquired() ← 628
{
    __asm
    {
        pop     ebx ← 630
        ret     4 ← 632
    }
}

class CSpinLock
{
public:
    CSpinLock() ← 602
    {
        // Initial lock variable to Aquired function. When the Aquired function
        // is executed, then this class has aquired the lock.
        m_pv = Aquired; ← 604
    }

    void Lock() ← 606
    {
        void ** ppv = &m_pv; ← 608

        __asm
        {
            push ppv ← 610
            // pass pointer to lock variable to WaitForLock.
            call WaitForLock // call function to wait until lock is aquired
        } ← 612
    }
}

```

FIG. 7

700

```
void Unlock() ← 718
{
    void ** ppv = &m_pv;
    __asm
    {
        push ebx ← 720
        mov ebx, ppv ← 722
        mov eax, Aquired ← 724
        lock xchg eax, [ebx] ← 726
        pop ebx ← 728
    }
}
protected:
    void * m_pv; ← 730
};
template <class CLockWorker>
class CAquireLock
{
public:
    CAquireLock(CLockWorker * plock) ← 702
    {
        m_plock = plock; ← 704
        Lock(); ← 706
    }
    ~CAquireLock() ← 710
    {
        Unlock(); ← 712
        m_plock = NULL;
    }
    void Lock()
    {
        m_plock->Lock(); ← 708
    }
    void Unlock() ← 714
    {
        m_plock->Unlock(); ← 716
    }
protected:
    CLockWorker * m_plock;
};
```

FIG. 8

